D 103131	(Pages : 2)	Name
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## **Economics**

ECO 4 (3) C03—BANKING—II

(2019 Admission onwards)

Time: Two Hours and a Half

Maximum: 80 Marks

## Section A (Short Answer Questions)

Maximum marks are 25.

Students can attempt all questions.

Each question carries a maximum of 2 marks.

- 1. NPA.
- 2. Variable Rate Repo Auction.
- 3. SLR.
- 4. Lender of the last resort.
- 5. SIDBI.
- 6. FOREX Reserve.
- 7. Treasury bills (T Bills).
- 8. Lead bank scheme.
- 9. PACS.
- 10. Microfinance.
- 11. Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR).
- 12. Leverage Ratio.
- 13. Liquidity Adjustment Facility (LAF) of RBI.
- 14. EXIM banks.
- 15. Development Finance Institutions (DFIs).

## Section B (Short Essay/Paragraph Questions)

Maximum marks are 35.

Students can attempt all questions.

Each question carries a maximum of 5 marks.

- 16. Explain the roles and functions of each tier in the co-operative banking system.
- 17. Prepare a note on the rule of Note issue in India by the RBI.
- 18. What are open market operations (OMOs), and how do they function?
- 19. What is the Marginal Cost of Funds Based Lending Rate (MCLR)?
- 20. What is the Basel Accord, and what is its primary objective?
- 21. What are the different types of development banks, and how do they differ in their operations and objectives?
- 22. Explain the role of agriculture banks in providing financial services to farmers and rural communities.
- 23. What are the tools used by the RBI to implement monetary policy?

## Section C (Long Essay Questions)

Answer any **two** questions.

Each question carries a maximum of 10 marks.

- 24. What are the key functions of NABARD in promoting rural credit and agriculture finance?
- 25. What were the key reforms suggested by the Narasimham Committee to strengthen the banking system's efficiency and competitiveness?
- 26. What are the primary functions of a central bank in a country's economy?
- 27. How does MUDRA Bank support micro-enterprises and entrepreneurs in India?

C 41295	(Pages : 2)	Name
		Reg No

## **Economics**

ECO 4 (3) CO3 BANKING—II

(2019 Admission onwards)

Time: Two Hours and a Half

Maximum: 80 Marks

## **Section A (Short Answer Questions)**

Maximum marks in this section is 25.

Students can attempt all questions.

Each question carries a maximum of 2 marks.

- 1. Local area banks.
- 2. Net Liquidity Ratio.
- 3. Monetary policy.
- 4. Reporate.
- 5. RRBs.
- 6. Basel Committee.
- 7. MCLR.
- 8. Mudra Bank.
- 9. MSMEs.
- 10. NPA.
- 11. Commercial bank.
- 12. Scheduled Banks.
- 13. New generation banks.
- 14. Minimum Reserve System of RBI.
- 15. Prudential norms.

2 C 41295

## Section B (Short Essay/Paragraph Questions)

Maximum marks in this section is 35.

Students can attempt all questions.

Each question carries a maximum of 5 marks.

- 16. What is meant by SIDBI? Write its functions and objectives?
- 17. Explain capital adequacy ratio. What is the purpose of capital adequacy?
- 18. Explain Basel Accords. What is the difference between Basel II and III?
- 19. What are the instruments of monetary policy in India?
- 20. Examine the structure of cooperative banks in India
- 21. Differentiate between unit banking and branch banking. Identify the advantages of branch banking
- 22. Prepare a note on various rates published by RBI. What are the reasons for changing the rates?
- 23. What are the Indian banking system and its characteristics? Differentiate between organized banking and unorganized banking.

## **Section C (Long Essay Questions)**

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries a maximum of 10 marks.

- 24. Explain meaning and significance of agricultural banking. Evaluate the role NABARD in agricultural development in India.
- 25. What are development banks? Examine various types of development banks in India
- 26. Explain important functions of Central Bank with reference to RBI.
- 27. Summarise the history of banking sector reforms in India. Discuss the recommendations of Narasimham Committee

C 21593	(Pages : 2)	Name
		Reg No

**Economics** 

ECO 4(3) C03—BANKING II

(2019 Admission onwards)

Time: Two Hours and a Half

Maximum: 80 Marks

# Section A (Short Answer Questions)

Answer at least **ten** questions. Each question carries 3 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 30.

- 1. Rural banking.
- 2. NABARD.
- 3. Banker's bank.
- 4. CRR.
- 5. Monetary policy.
- 6. NPA.
- 7. Basel Committee.
- 8. MCLR.
- 9. Open market operations.
- 10. Mudra Bank.
- 11. Asset and liability.
- 12. Development banks.
- 13. Credit crunch.
- 14. Kerala Bank.
- 15. Prime rate.

 $(10 \times 3 = 30 \text{ marks})$ 

2 C 21593

## Section B (Short Essay/Paragraph Questions)

Answer at least **five** questions. Each question carries 6 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 30.

- 16. What are the reasons behind the rise of Non Performing Assets in India?
- 17. Explain the structure and features of Co-operative Banks.
- 18. What are the advantages of rural banking?
- 19. Discuss important functions of Reserve Bank of India.
- 20. What is the note issue system followed in India?
- 21. What is meant by Basel Accords? What is the difference between Basel II and III?
- 22. Differentiate between various rates published by RBI. Mention recent bank rates in India.
- 23. *IDBI serves as the apex institution for term finance for industry in India*. Evaluate the statement highlighting the objectives and functions of IDBI.

 $(5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ marks})$ 

## Section C (Long Essay Questions)

Answer any **two** questions. Each question carries 10 marks.

- 24. Discuss the features of banking reforms and regulation with special reference to Narasimham Committee.
- 25. *NABARD* is the apex banking institution to provide finance for agriculture and rural development. Discuss the statement highlighting its role and functions.
- 26. Explain major functions of Development Banks.
- 27. Explain meaning and objectives of monetary policy. What are the important instruments of monetary policy?



## **Economics**

ECO 4 (3) C 03—BANKING—II

Time: Two Hours and a Half

Maximum: 80 Marks

## **Section A**

Answer at least **ten** questions. Each question carries 3 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 30.

- 1. Write a note on Mudra Bank.
- 2. Define and explain MCLR.
- 3. Distinguish between SLR and CRR.
- 4. Distinguish between Repo and Reverse Repo rate.
- 5. Write a brief note on Basel Norm III.
- 6. What do you mean by Local Area Bank?
- 7. Explain the importance of Rural Banking in India.
- 8. What is NPA?
- 9. Write a note on the importance of Capital Adequacy Norms.
- 10. What are the economic impacts of high interest rate?
- 11. What do you mean by refinancing?
- 12. Why do we regard RBI as the Apex Bank of India?
- 13. What do you mean by MSF?
- 14. What is LAF?
- 15. What is NBFI?

 $(10 \times 3 = 30 \text{ marks})$ 

## Section B

Answer at least **five** questions. Each question carries 6 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 30.

- 16. Explain the three tier structure of Co-operative banks.
- 17. What are the reasons for recent increase of NPA?
- 18. Explain the functions of SIDBI.
- 19. Explain the Classification of Assets by banks.
- 20. What are the role and importance of development banks in India?
- 21. Explain the recommendations of Narasimham Committee II.
- 22. Distinguish between the activities of Co-operative banks and Commercial banks.
- 23. Write a brief note on currency Note issue system in India.

 $(5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ marks})$ 

#### Section C

Answer any **two** question.

Each question carries 10 marks.

- 24. Explain the features and functions of IFCI and IDBI.
- 25. What are the functions of RBI? Explain the monetary measures and its operation.
- 26. What were the recommendations of Narasimham Committee Report I.
- 27. Narrate the role and functions of NABARD.