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(Pages : 2)

Name..... Reg. No.....

FIFTH SEMESTER (CBCSS-UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2024

Physics/Applied Physics

PHY 5B 08/APH 5B 08-OPTICS

(2019 Admission onwards)

Time : Two Hours

Maximum: 60 Marks

The symbols used in this question paper have their usual meanings

Section A — Short Answer type.

Answer **all** questions in two or three sentences, each correct answer carries a maximum of 2 marks.

- 1. Define a thin lens.
- 2. Define first principal focus of a lens.
- 3. Define lateral magnification.
- 4. Explain interference.
- 5. Explain coherence.
- 6. Define Fiber Bragg Gratings.
- 7. Explain colours of thin film.
- 8. Write down the equation for resolving power of a grating.
- 9. Define Huygene's explanation of double refraction.
- 10. Define polarization.
- 11. What is hologram?
- 12. Give two applications of holography

 $(Ceiling \ 20)$

Section B - Paragraph / Problem type

Answer **all** questions in a paragraph of about half a page to one page, each correct answer carries a maximum of 5 marks.

- 13. Explain the interference by a plane parallel film when illuminated by a plane wave.
- 14. Derive cosine law.
- 15. Write a note on non reflecting films.

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- 16. With necessary figure, explain interference by a plane parallel film illuminated by a point source.
- 17. Derive the equation for width of principal maxima of an N slit Fraunhofer diffraction.
- 18. Define double refraction. Explain Laurent's half-shade polarimeter.
- 19. With figure explain Fresnels half period zone.

(Ceiling 30)

Section C - Essay type

Essays - Answer in about two pages, any **one** question. The question carries 10 marks.

- 20. Briefly derive and the intensity distribution of interference pattern
- 21. Explain with figure, single slit diffraction pattern. Explain the positions of maxima and minima $(1 \times 10 = 10 \text{ marks})$

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Name..... Reg. No.....

FIFTH SEMESTER (CBCSS-UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2022

Physics/Applied Physics

PHY 5B 08/APH 5B 08-OPTICS

(2019 Admission onwards)

Time : Two Hours

Maximum : 60 Marks

The symbols used in question paper have their usual meanings.

Section A (Short Answer Type)

Answer **all** questions in two **or** three sentences. Each correct answer carries a maximum of 2 marks.

- 1. State the laws of reflection.
- 2. Explain the law of cosine square for the intensity distribution in the interference of two waves of the same amplitude.
- 3. List any four conditions for obtaining a distinct well-defined interference pattern.
- 4. Explain the origin for the colours of thin films.
- 5. Give an expression for the intensity distribution in Fraunhofer diffraction due to N slits and explain the terms involved.
- 6. Give the grating equation and explain the terms involved.
- 7. What do you mean by the resolving power of a grating ? Give an expression for the same explaining the terms involved.
- 8. Give a figure illustrating the Huygens wave surfaces produced by a point source embedded in a negative doubly refracting crystal.
- 9. What do you mean by the optical activity of certain substances ? Give two examples of optically active substances.
- 10. Mention the applications of holography.
- 11. What do you mean by a graded index fiber ? Draw its refractive index profile.
- 12. What do you mean by pulse dispersion in optical fiber ?

(Ceiling - 20 marks)

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Section B (Paragraph/Problem Type)

Answer all questions in a paragraph of about half a page to one page. Each correct answer carries a maximum of 5 marks.

- 13. What do you mean by a thin lens? Write down the thin lens formula and explain the terms involved.
- 14. Interference fringes are observed with a biprism of refracting angle 1° and refractive index 1.5 on a screen 0.8 m from it. If the distance between the source and the biprism is 0.2 m, estimate the fringe width when a light of wavelength 690 nm is used.
- 15. Obtain the radii of the first two dark rings of the Fraunhofer diffraction pattern produced by a circular aperture of radius 0.02 cm at the focal plane of a convex lens of focal length 20 cm. Given, the wavelength $\lambda = 600$ nm.
- 16. Consider a diffraction grating having 15000 lines per inch. Obtain the angular separation of the D_1 and D_2 lines of sodium in the second order spectra.
- 17. Determine the radius of the first zone in a zone plate of focal length 20 cm for light of wavelength 500 nm.
- 18. Using a suitable figure, explain the reconstruction of image in holography.
- 19. A step index fiber has a core of refractive index 1.55 and cladding of refractive index 1.5. Determine the numerical aperture of the fiber. Assume that light enters the fiber from air.

(Ceiling - 30 marks)

Section C (Essay Type)

Answer in about **two** pages, any **one** question. Correct answer carries 10 marks.

- 20. Using a suitable figure, discuss the principle, construction and working of a Michelson interferometer. Discuss the condition for obtaining brightness in circular rings.
- 21. Using suitable figures, explain the optical activity of substances. Discuss the Fresnel's explanation of optical rotation.

 $(1 \times 10 = 10 \text{ marks})$

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Reg.	No		 		••••

FIFTH SEMESTER U.G. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2021

(CBCSS—UG)

Physics/Applied Physics

PHY 5B 08/APH 5B 08—OPTICS

 $(2019 \ Admissions)$

Time : Two Hours

Maximum : 60 Marks

The symbols used in question paper have their usual meanings.

Section A (Short Answer Type)

Answer at least **eight** questions. Each question carries 3 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 24.

- 1. Explain Fermat's principle of stationary time.
- 2. Discuss the principle of superposition of waves.
- 3. Explain the terms coherence time and coherence length.
- 4. Discuss the Rayleigh criterion of resolution.
- 5. Write down the conditions for maxima and minima for the Newton's rings in the reflected system.
- 6. Distinguish between Fresnel and Fraunhofer kinds of diffractions.
- 7. Show a figure illustrating the Huygens wave surfaces produced by a point source embedded in a positive doubly refracting crystal.
- 8. How is an elliptically polarized light produced?
- 9. Distinguish between dextrorotatory and laevorotatory substances.
- 10. Discuss the basic steps in holography.
- 11. Distinguish between step index and graded index optical fibers.
- 12. Discuss the basic parts of a fiber optic sensor.

 $(8 \times 3 = 24 \text{ marks})$

Section B (Paragraph/Problem Type)

Answer at least **five** questions. Each question carries 5 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 25.

13. Obtain the Newtonian lens formula.

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- 14. Determine the separation between the coherent sources formed by a biprism whose inclined faces make angles of 2° with its base and the slit is 0.1 m away from the biprism. Given, the refractive index of the material of the prism is 1.5.
- 15. Calculate the radius of the first dark ring of the Fraunhofer diffraction pattern produced by a circular aperture of radius 0.02 cm at the focal plane of a convex lens of focal length 20 cm. Assume that the wavelength of light used is 600 nm.
- 16. Consider a Fresnel zone plate with radii $r_n = 0.1 \sqrt{n}$ cm. For $\lambda = 5 \times 10^{-5}$ cm, calculate the positions of the foci.
- 17. Determine the thickness of a half-wave plate of quartz for a wavelength 500 nm. Given, the refractive indices of the extra-ordinary and ordinary rays are $\mu_e = 1.553$ and $\mu_o = 1.544$, respectively.
- 18. Discuss the applications of holography.
- 19. Calculate the numerical aperture and hence the acceptance angle of an optical fiber having core and cladding refractive indices 1.45 and 1.40 respectively.

 $(5 \times 5 = 25 \text{ marks})$

Section C (Essay Type)

Answer any **one** question. The question carries 11 marks.

- 20. Discuss the interference by a plane parallel film when illuminated by a plane wave and obtain the conditions for maxima and minima.
- 21. Obtain an expression for the intensity distribution for the Fraunhofer diffraction due to a single slit.

 $(1 \times 11 = 11 \text{ marks})$