		<b>Total Pages:</b>	2	Name:	
				Register No.	
	FIRST SEMESTER UG			NOVEMBER 2024	
	STA1MN101 - DESC	(CUFYUG RIPTIVE STAT	,	OR DATA SCIENCE	
		2024 Admission			
Iax	imum Time :2 Hours			Maximum Marks	:70
		Section A			
		l Questions can b on carries 3 mark			
				,	
	Define (i) variable (ii) observation (iii) data set				
	Define discrete and continuous variables.				
	Define secondary data. Mention any two of its merits.				
	Define (i) class interval (ii) class mark (iii) frequency of a class.				
	Differentiate between one dimensional and two dimensional diagrams.				
	Define (i) central tendency (ii) average				
	Define median. Why median is considered as a partition value?				
	Define (i) quartile deviation (ii) variance				
	Define (i) random experiment	(ii) sample space.			
			6.4		
0	State the conditions for the mutual independence of three events A, B and C.				
		Section B			
		l Questions can b			
		on carries 6 marl		g : 36 Marks)	
1	Define primary data. Explain its merits and demerits.				
2	Explain various types of bar di				
3	Sketch a frequency polygon fo	_		20. 100	
			70 – 90	90 - 100	
	Freq.:512Find the mean and median for	16 12 the following data	<u> </u>	7	
4			40 – 50	50 - 60	
		14   10	40 – 30 8	6	
	Freq.: 4 8	14 10	0	U	

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16	Define partition values. Explain quartiles, deciles and percentiles and their inter relations.					
17	If $P(A) = 0.6$ , $P(B) = 0.4$ and $P(A / B) = 0.75$ , find (i) $P(AUB)$ (ii) $P(AUB^{c})$ (iii) $P(A^{c}UB^{c})$					
18	Define (i) mutually exclusive events (ii) independent events. If A and B are events with $P(A) = 0.4$ , $P(B) = 0.3$ , obtain $P(AUB)$ when A and B are (a) mutually exclusive (b) independent.					
Section C						
Answer any ONE .Each Question carries 10 marks (1x10=10 Marks)						
19	(i) Write a short note on skewness and kurtosis.					
	(ii) Calculate the mean deviation about the mode for the following data:					
	Class: $0 - 10$ 10 - 20 20 - 30 30 - 40 40 - 50 50 - 60 60 - 70					
	Freq.: 6 13 19 22 14 10 6					
20	State Bayes' theorem. Two boxes A and B contain respectively 3 red, 6 blue balls and 5 red, 3 blue balls. One of the boxes is selected at random and two balls were drawn. If the balls obtained are one red and one blue, what is the probability that they were from the box B?					